GERMAN COMMANDER STARTS AN EXPEDITION.

HOPE FOR PEACE

Uncle Sams Soldier Boys Will Not Participate In the Present Action In China.

Berlin .- (Special) -- According to a dispatch received by the German Navy league, the situation in China is critical. The dispatch adds that Chang dowager to enroll the Boxers in the army, has been appointed governor of the new Chinese capital, Sian Fu.

It is further asserted that many Chinese have been decapitated at Chian Kan, province of Kiang Su.

Sian Yuan Si has raised his army to 40,000 men.

Washington, D. C .- (Special.)-In direct opposition to the implied wishes of the United States, Count von Waldersee, the German commander-in-chief in China, has sent an expedition to Pao Ting Fu, and his action may cause consequences in the southern provinces which the authorities fear to contemplate.

Believing that foreigners and their interests can best be protected by bringing about the early return of peace, Secretary Hay has sent to the French that the president would be pleased to negotiation by the negotiators. see the negotiations begun immediately upon the usual verification of credentials.

At the end of his note the secretary states that the president believes that the governments of France and other practicable to begin such negotiations the attention of the powers. at an early day.

mended to the consideration of the international court of arbitration of The Hague.

In the demand of Li Hung Chang for the return of the \$278,000 seized by American marines at Tien Tsin, they commissioners to offset the claims for | China. indemnity to be made by the powers by counter claims for the damage to was not in accord with the rules of

the part of other powers.

asserts that there is no danger of an uprising in Southern China, and has so assured Secretary Hay. The authorities fear, however, that unless something is

WHITE TALKS OF SITUATION.

American Minister Tells of the Feeling in Germany.

Washington, D. C .- (Special.)-Andrew D. White, the American ambassador to Germany, had conferences with the president and with Secretary Hay today, preparatory to returning to his post in Berlin next week.

Mr. White in an interview, said that having been so long absent from Berlin he could not give the latest phase of opinion there regarding the Chinese matter, but that when he left it was felt by some of the brightest people he met that the course pursued by the United States was wiser than that of the longest headed men in the diploupon the fact that while the other powers almost universally had lost hope and were ready to proceed at once to the most extreme measures, on the supposition that the diplomatic corps in Pekin, and indeed the whole foreign population there, had been murdered, the American government had been patient and wise and it was due to this attitude that the United States had been the first to communicate with Pekin, and was really the power that saved the foreigners there. Events since then, Mr. White pointed out, havjustified completely this view.

To the quotations from a hostile element in the German press in the morning papers, Mr. White attributed no special importance, saying that the papers quoted had been the most viru- soldier and one civilian and a number lent enemies of the United States all of troopers of D troop tried to break To deprive the Philippines of half the throughout the Spanish war and at all into the gun room to get their wea-

fair understanding concerning China alrymen to pass. was altigether probable. As to the settlement of the differences finally, he believed that the international arbitration tribunal created by The Hague they will have revenge and Colonel conference afforded exactly the means Harry E. Noyes has ordered all conwhich will be needed to adjust all the fined to barracks. The feeling is very secondary questions between China and strong between the Cubans and the the other nations directly concerned.

UNCLE SAMS REPLY TO FRANCE.

Text of Answer In Which Part al Acceptance le Made.

Washington, D. C .- (Special.)-The reply of the state department to the French note, relative to the basis of the Chinese negotiation, was made public today. It reads:

From the Secretary of State to the French Charge d'Affaires: Sent to Mr. Thiebaut, October 9, 1900: Memorandum: The government of the United States acrees with the republic of France is recognizing as the object to be obtained from the government of China appropriate reparation for the past and substantial guarantees for the

The president is glad to perceive in the basis of negotiation put forward in the memorandum of October 4 the spirit that has animated the declarations Keih Hong, who advised the empress heretofore made by all the powers interested and would be pleased to see the negotiations begun immediately on the usual verification of credentials. It may be convenient to enumerate the classes of the memorandum and add some observations dictated by the at-Finally, it is asserted that General titude of the United States in the present circumstances.

First-The punishment of the guilty parties who may be designated by the representatives of the powers at Pekin, The Chinese government has already indicated its intention to punish a number of those responsible for the recent disorders. The representatives of the powers at Pekin may suggest additions to that list when negotiations

are entered upon. Second-The continuance of the interdiction against the importation of arms. It is not understood that this interdiction is to be permanent and the and other governments his reply to the duration of it and the details of its French proposal, in which he states regulation seem a proper method of

Third-Equitable indemnities for the governments, corporations and private individuals. This is an object desired by all the powers. The Russian government has suggested that in case of protracted divergence of views, this powers will see in the reserves we have matter might be commended to the conmade here no obstacle to the initiation sideration of the international court of of negotiations on the lines suggested, arbitration of The Hague. The presiand he hopes that it will be found dent thinks this suggestion worthy of

To guard against delay by discus- a permanent guard for the legations. the respective governments. sion, the president has indorsed the The government of the United States is | "And," added Mr. Wessels, "this letsuggestion of the Russion government unable to make any permanent engage. ter says they hope for more assistthat in case of protracted divergence ment of this nature without the auof views, the matter of the indemnity thorization of the legislative branch, which China must pay might be com- but in the present emergency we have stationed in Pekin an adequate legation guard.

Fifth-The dismantling of the forts at Taku. The president reserves the expression of his opinion as to this measure pending the receipt of further inauthorize the purpose of the Chinese formation in regard to the situation in

Sixth-The military occupation of two of three points on the road from Tien private and government property which Tsin to Pekin. The same observation which has been made in reference to No. 4 applies also to this proposition. There is no intention on the part of The president is unable to commit the this government to participate in any United States to a permanent particifurther military expeditions, and it will pation in such occupation, but he thinks deprecate action of this character on it desirable that the powers shall obtain from the Chinese government the Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, assurance of their right to guard their legations in Pekin and to have the means of unrestricted access to them

whenever required. The president believes that the gov quickly done to support the position of ernments of France and the other powthe viceroys, who have so successfully ers will see in the reserves we have held their people in check, there may here made no obstacles to the initiation be an outbreak. It is proposed by this of negotiations on the lines suggested. government to insist that the viceroys and he hopes it will be found practicareceive appropriate reward for their bie to begin such negotiations at an

DEPARTMENT OF STATE. Washington, October 10, 1900.

HE DIDN'T KNOW IT.

His Neck Was Broken But He

Laughed and Joked New York .- (Special.)-For six hours Conrad J. Lang of 561 West Fifty-first street walked, talked, laughed and enjoyed himself with his family in ignorance that his skull was fractured and his neck broken.

It was when he retired and his pillow pressed upon the broken bone of his neck that it was known he was injured at all. Then he died.

Lang was a truckman. Last night he fell from his truck and landed on the back of his neck and head, and was for adopted by the European powers. One a time unconscious. Before an ambulance could be sent for he sprang up matic corps had congratulated him declaring he was all right except for a slight headache.

He worked an hour and then went home. One of the small bones of the neck had been chipped off. The pressure of this on the spinal cord when he laid down killed him.

CUBANS AND SOLDIERS CLASH

Policeman Tries To Make Arrest and a Fight Follows.

Havana .- (Special.) - At Matanzas yesalry. The quarrel culminated in a gendiers, who arrived on the scene simultaneously. After the police had shot Trooper Furey of D troop, one other pons, but the quick action of Captain The ambassador expressed the opin- Frederick Foltz of D troop in forming ion that in spite of some friction be- troops L and M in skirmish order. tween the various powers, an ultimate | made it impossible for the excited cav-

to quiet the men. The troopers declare

ALL SOUTH AFRICAN STATES MAY REBEL.

De Wet's Armies Well Organized and Even Plan An Invasion of Cape Colony.

Grand Rapids, Mich .- (Special.)-P. Louter Wessels, special commissioner of the South African republics to the United States, today received a letter from Secretary de Bruyn of the Boer envoys, now in Holland, containing the first reliable and definite information of the plans of President Kruger which has been made public.

The letter says that President Kruger will leave Delagoa boy on the Netherlands warship Gelderland early in October, and thus he has probably already embarked. He will be taken to Holland, where the envoys are awaiting him. At what port he would land, Mr. Wessels did not state.

In regard to the intimation in British newspapers that English warships may be sent in pursuit, Mr. Wessels said the envoys were in a position to state officially that any such action by England would be accepted by the Netherlands as a direct declaration of war and the little Dutch nation would act accordingly.

President Kruger bears a commission from the Boer republics, but exactly what it is not even the envoys know. They suppose, however, that he will endeavor to secure intervention by one or all of the European powers, to the end that the individuality of the republics shall not be annihilated.

The envoys have preceded their president to several of the continental countries and have found among the people a uniform and almost unanimous pro-Boer sentiment, which they hope will Fourth-The organization in Pekin of be potent enough to force action by

ance from the United States than from any of them."

Mr. Wessels, in his interview, also states that the reports of large numpers of Boers immigrating to America were unfounded.

"I am the only accredited representaive of the Boers in this country," he said, "and if there was anything in for land being acquired for settlement by my countrymen I would know it. The Boers will never leave South Africa. Their cause is not lost, and they will keep fighting till they win.

"General Dewet's armies are well orranized and are operating, not only in he Transvaal, but in the Free State, not many miles from Bloemfontein, and are even planning to invade Cape

"The reports that Lord Roberts send amount to nothing. You need not be surprised if there is a rebellion in the whole of South Africa before the year s out. The only reason the Cape Colonists did not join us at the outset was because they had no arms, and neiher they nor we expected war and were unprepared."

Mr. Wessels also took occasion to deny indignantly the assertion that Webster Davis is in the pay of the Trans-

"His course in this country is actuated by motives of humanity only. I think I am well enough acquainted with the affairs of our republic to assure you that he has never received a cent from the Boers for his services in their behalf," said Mr. Wessels.

Mr. Wessels received a letter today from Charles D. Pierre, consul general of the Transvaal, with headquarters at New York, telling of the arrival of a party of twelve American citizens, who, with 300 others, were captured by the British at Johannesburg on July 13 and shipped in cattle cars to East London, 200 miles away. It was in the dead of winter and the party suffered severely during its six days' journey from nunger and cold. Later they were sent o Holland and from there ordered to America under penalty of arrest.

FOLLY TO REMOVE TROOPS.

Much Fighting Yet To Be Done In Philippines.

Manila .- (Special.)-The approach of he time for mustering out the olunteers now in service in the Philippines, is causing much uneasiness. Commenting on the situation, the Manila Times, republican, says editorially:

"There are no soldiers to spare. Hundreds of towns are not garrisoned, and whole islands are not even explored. Even with 60,000 men, the army was unable to protect the peaceful inhabitants. Hardly a day passes without some crime against the friendlies being comterday a Cuban policeman interfered mitted. Here in Manila there are with two members of the Second cav- troops enough, but just outside the gates five shocking butcheries have eral fight between the police and sol- taken place within a week. In almost every town over which flies the American flag, are families in daily dread of assassins' bullets. As soon as a native becomes friendly he is a marked man. troops in the next few months would invite the recurrence of the rebellion."

Manila. - (Special)-Advices from Leyte show considerable fighting has been going on in that island this month. On Lieutenant Willard is said to have the west coast the rebels have been rebeen slightly hurt while endeavoring turning in the absence of the Americans on expeditions and are terrorizing the inhabitants. On October 5 thirty Standard Oil company, to compete with Americans attacked a force of forty-five rebels in Camarine province and killed ten. The American's had two killed and three wounded.

WHOLE FAMILY ARE KILLED.

A Most Terriple Accident Befalls Family In Nebraska.

The dead: MRS. CHARLES BARTENBACH. MRS. KIELBACH. MISS LIZZIE HORMAN. BABY KIELBACH.

The injured: Bartenbach's 18-months-old Mrs.

daughter. Mrs. Bartenbach's 4-year-old brother.

Holbrook, Neb .- (Special.)-This is in brief the havoc wrought here by a lone engine on the Burlington & Missouri River railroad. The victims were caught in a farm wagon at a crossing and the demolition was wrought in the twinkling of an eye.

No more dramatic climax to a tragedy could grow out of the most fertile imagination, for Mrs. Bartenbach and her companions were returning from a coroner's inquest over the remains of Charles Bartenbach, her husband, who two days before was shot and killed by Herman Kielbach, Mrs. Bartenbach's brother.

Bartenbach went on a murderous rampage and tried to kill his wife, when Kielbech took the part of his sister. The coroner's jury had just exonerated Kielbech, but he did not return in the wagon, thereby escaping the fate that befell the others.

The engineer did not see the wagon until it was fairly across the railroad track. He tried to slow down, but was too near to make a successful stop. Springing from his cab, the engineer grabbed Mrs. Bartenbach's little girl just as she was about to be ground to death.

With the killing of Bartenbach and the tragedy on the rail, five corpses are laid out in the little undertaking shop in Holbrook, and the whole countryside is shocked. Much excitement prevails, and many of the devout religious enthusiasts of this community look upon the havoc wrought by the lone engine as a visitation of retribution from Providence, despite the fact that the killing of Bartenbach is regarded as justifiable homicide.

TROUBLE WITH NATIVE COURTS.

Filipino Justices Reported To Have Become Civilzed.

Manila.-(Special.)-The administration of Manila's civil courts by Filipino civil agent sis now attracting public attention more than ever and has brought to the Taft commission's attention with requests for rectification. The courts are composed of four justices of the peace and four primary courts. The magistrates are Filipinos, these stories in Minnesota and Dakota and it has developed that the incumbents are failures as magistrates of justice. Complaints against the existing courts are unending. Natives and foreigners' dread litigation, knowing the facts in the case.

Charges have been filed and evidence is in the hands of the authorities, which it is claimed will show the magistrates have been guilty of corruption and malfeasance in office. One magistrate was suspended on suspicion of criminal abuse and attempt at fraud.

The monthly collection of fines of the four native justices is estimated at \$6,000. The amount collected by the primary courts for the same period is much greater. The eight magistrates persistently ignore the regulations established by the authorities for the supervision of commitments and the accountability of moneys. They deposit less than \$100 dollars monthly and are alleged to appropriate the balance of their collections.

It is further claimed that the magistrates are in collusion with the native police in compromising offenses on the basis of "cash for freedom," and that in many cases magistrates who committed men to jail over a year ago are now liberating them, the explanation being the effectiveness of a habeas corpus and the designation of a special officer to investigate the cases, resulting in the freedom of many persons illegally committed as prisoners.

It is said there are over fifty established instances where prisoners have bought their freedom from the guards conveying them between the court

room and the jail. Serious charges of favoritism have already been made against the civil branch of Manila's supreme court. The members of the Taft commission are disgusted with the condition of the courts and intend to substitute honest Americans from the United States having a knowledge of Spanish for the native magistrates, but they are hard to secure. The commission-will then institute drastic reforms needed in the case of the entire judiciary.

MAKE A MILLION EACH.

Cudahys Sell Their Tank Line To Standard Oll Co.

Wabash, Ind .- (Special.)-The stupendous task of destroying an industry representing an outlay of \$2,000,000 five years ago was begun today in the removal of the six-inch pipe line which starts in Nottingham township, Wells county, and runs westward 150 miles to the oil refineries at Momence, Ill. The pipe will be used in new lines to Lima, O., and Indiana oil will go east after this year instead of west. Five hundred men will be employed till midwinter in the work.

The abandonment of the fine, which was built by Michael and John Cudahy, is said to be due to its purchase by the which it was constructed. Through the transfer of the property the Cudahys are said to have cleared \$1,000,000 each. The Kankakee refineries will be closed.

DISORDERED KIDNEYS ARE RESPONSIBLE

for more sickness and suffering than anything else. Kidney troubles irritates the nerves, makes one dizzy, resiles, sleepless, irritable; makes one pass wa'er often during day and compels one to get up during night; causes backache takes ambition from you; you get weak and waste away.

William Sweeny, cashier Park bank, Albany, N. Y., who had been troubled with his kidneys for several years took Cramer's Kidney Cure, it brought permanent relief and Mr. Sweeny has done as much as any other one person to spread the advantages of Cramer's Kidney and Liver Cure before the world.

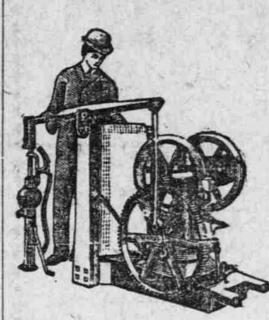
Omaha, Neb., Jan. 19, 1900 .- I firmly believe that I owe my life to Cramer's Kidney Cure. For two years I suffered with kidney trouble and could find no relief anywhere, I spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and medicines. I tried Cramer's Kidney Cure as a last resort and I wish I had I had followed the advice of friends sooner. In less than four months it had made a new man of me. I am entirely well and I give all the praise to SAMUEL L. MORRIS. Cramer's Kidney Cure. Of the Omaha Police Force.

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The most wonderful kidney medicine known; will give you strength and bring color to your cheeks. It is a sure cure for kidney troubles. Sold by all druggists. Insist on Having Cramer's, \$1.00 a bottle, 6 bottles for \$5.00.

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This is what I can do, and it don't make any difference whether it is night or day, wet or dry, cold or warm, storm or calm, just call me and I will pump water, grind feed, shell corn, separate cream, churn or grind bones, or any werk that is required of me.

ll and see me at work at

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gists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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Drug Co., Omaha: M. A. Dillon, South
Omaha; Davis Drug Co., Council Bluffs;
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Sioux City. Full line of rubber goods; ask for what you want.

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Menses surely prought on regularly, suppressions neglected often result in blood poisoning and quick consumption, and is the direct cause of women's troubles; therefore keep the menses regular with "De Le Due's Female Regulator," and women will be happy and health; If it fails, Kidd Drug Co., Elgin, Ill. send free medicine until relieved and fully cured; \$2 per package, or 3 for \$5, per mail. Retail and wholesale of Myers & Dillon Drug Co., Omaha; M. A. Dillon, South Omaha; Davis Drug Co., Council Bluffs; Riggs Pharmacy, Lincoln; H. S. Baker, Sioux City. A complete line of rubber goods on hand; ask for what you

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MILWAUKEE STARTS NEW CARS

ward for any case of Catarrh that can- Des Moines and Omha Sleepers Go On Omaha-Chicago Fast Trains

Two swell new sleeping cars of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway independent sleeping car system lave been placed in service on the fast)maha-Chicago night trains, beginning estrday. They are the Des Moines and maha, whose only difference is their names. Either car is a long, heavy, non-wreckable frame of steel handsomely finished without and a great boudoir within. It contains fourteen sections, upholstered in a rich green, and a drawing room done in dark blue. The interior of the car is the plain. highly polished, rich brown mahogany edged with dainty inlaid work, and is heavily carpeted in velvet. One especially up-to-date feature is that the adies toilet room and dressing room

contains an electric curler heater. Electricity plays a big part on the Milwaukee, which prides itself on its electrically lighted trains. Eight glistening electroliers of clusters of four ncandescent lights each throw the rays downward from the empire deck. while each berth, upper or lower, holds ts incandescent bulb snugly hidden in a golden Pandora's box, which may be pened at will. Therefore, nobody uniresses in the dark. Over each vestioule entrance are also placed electric ights, so there need be no missteps at night. New dining cars and coaches

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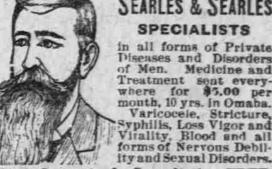
natch have also just been placed

service.-Omaha World-Herald.

The greatest novelty of 1900, and nothing like it on the market. A great funmaker, suitable for either party, and can be instantly changed from one to the other. Reliable agents wanted. Fastest seller on the market. Agents sell them at 15 to 25c each, and make from 100 to 200 per cent. Manufactured in assorted colors. Price list to agents: Sample, by mail, 15c; one dozen, by mail, \$1.00; 100 or more, by express, 71/20 each. No goods sent C. O. D. Cash must accompany order. Manufactured by Cloyd Novelty Co., 822 N. Y. Life Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

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